2

your immigration papers, you must show them if you have them with you. If you are over 18, carry your immigration documents

with you at all times. If you do not have immigration papers, say you want to remain silent.

Do not lie about vour citizenship status or provide fake documents.

3

you entered the country. (Separate rules apply at international borders and airports, and for individuals on certain nonimmigrant visas, including tourists and business travelers.) If you are not a U.S. citizen and an immigration agent requests

Both drivers and passengers have the right to remain silent. If you are a passenger, you can ask if you are free to leave. If the officer says yes, sit silently or calmly leave. Even if the officer says no, you have the right to remain silent.

You have the right to remain silent and do not have to discuss

your immigration or citizenship status with police, immigration

agents or any other officials. You do not have to answer questions

about where you were born, whether you are a U.S. citizen, or how

IF YOU ARE QUESTIONED ABOUT YOUR IMMIGRATION STATUS

If an officer or immigration agent asks to look inside your car, you can refuse to consent to the search. But if police believe your car contains evidence of a crime, your car can be searched without your consent.

Upon request, show police your driver's license, registration and proof of insurance.

IF THE POLICE OR IMMIGRATION AGENTS COME TO YOUR HOME

have to let them in unless they have certain kinds of warrants. It the police or immigration agents come to your home, you do not

warrant) does not allow officers to enter a home without consent. Delieve the person is inside. A warrant of removal/deportation (ICE police to enter the home of the person listed on the warrant if they swolls thereas and tor the items listed. An arrest warrant allows to enter the address listed on the warrant, but officers can only the window so you can inspect it. A search warrant allows police Ask the officer to slip the warrant under the door or hold it up to

'JOOD It you choose to speak to the officers, step outside and close the Even it officers have a warrant, you have the right to remain silent.

IF YOU ARE CONTACTED BY THE FBI

іамуег first. to answer any questions. Tell the agent you want to speak to a It an HBI agent comes to your home or workplace, you do not have

you will only answer questions on a specific topic. that you feel uncomfortable answering, and can say that an interview, have a lawyer present. You do not have to answer the right to say you do not want to be interviewed. If you agree to It you are asked to meet with FBI agents for an interview, you have

free or low-cost legal services. to provide one for you. If you do not have a lawyer, ask for a list of You have the right to a lawyer, but the government does not have

Read all papers fully. If you do not understand or cannot read

While you are in jail, an immigration agent may visit you. Do not

Don't discuss your immigration status with anyone but your

Ask your lawyer about the effect of a criminal conviction or plea

Memorize the phone numbers of your family and your lawyer.

Prepare yourself and your family in case you are arrested.

You have the right to make a local phone call. The police cannot

lawyer, you have the right to a tree one. Don't say anything, sign

Don't give any explanations or excuses. If you can't pay for a

-vay you wish to remain silent and ask for a lawyer immediately.

We rely on the police to keep us safe and treat us all fairly, regardless of race,

ethnicity, national origin or religion. This card provides tips for interacting with police

and understanding your rights. Note: some state laws may vary. Separate rules apply

Stay calm. Don't run. Don't argue, resist or obstruct the police,

even if you are innocent or police are violating your rights. Keep

Ask if you are free to leave. If the officer says yes, calmly and

silently walk away. If you are under arrest, you have a right to know

You have the right to remain silent and cannot be punished for

refusing to answer questions. If you wish to remain silent, tell the

officer out loud. In some states, you must give your name if asked

You do not have to consent to a search of yourself or your

belongings, but police may "pat down" your clothing if they suspect

a weapon. You should not physically resist, but you have the right

to refuse consent for any further search. If you do consent, it can

Stop the car in a safe place as quickly as possible. Turn off the

car, turn on the internal light, open the window part way and place

at checkpoints and when entering the U.S. (including at airports).

IF YOU ARE STOPPED FOR OUESTIONING

your hands where police can see them.

why.

to identify yourself.

affect you later in court.

your hands on the wheel.

IF YOU ARE STOPPED IN YOUR CAR

Make emergency plans if you have children or take medication.

answer questions or sign anything before talking to a lawyer.

IF YOU ARE TAKEN INTO IMMIGRATION (OR "ICE") CUSTODY

the papers, tell the officer you need an interpreter.

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Call your local ACLU or visit www.aclu.org/profiling.

inform the consulate of your arrest. You have the right to contact your consulate or have an officer

WHAT TO DO IF YOU'RE STOPPED BY

POLICE, IMMIGRATION AGENTS OR THE FBI

· You have the right to remain silent. If you wish to exercise

· You have the right to refuse to consent to a search of yourself,

• If you are not under arrest, you have the right to calmly leave.

• You have the right to a lawyer if you are arrested. Ask for one

• Do prepare yourself and your family in case you are arrested.

· Do file a written complaint or call your local ACLU if you feel

www.aclu-tn.org

(615) 320-7142

Regardless of your immigration or citizenship status, you

immigration status with anyone but your lawyer. Tell the ICE agent you wish to remain silent. Do not discuss your

up your opportunity to try to stay in the U.S. removal, without talking to a lawyer. If you sign, you may be giving Do not sign anything, such as a voluntary departure or stipulated

your family. It will help family members locate you. Remember your immigration number ("A" number) and give it to

.ารมา keep a copy of your immigration documents with someone you

ΙΕ ΚΟΠ ΕΕΕΓ ΚΟΠΚ ΚΙΘΗΤΣ ΗΑΛΕ ΒΕΕΝ ΛΙΟΓΑΤΕD

.jnislqmoj street. Don't physically resist officers or threaten to file a Remember: police misconduct cannot be challenged on the

attention first). are injured, take photographs of your injuries (but seek medical any other details. Get contact information for witnesses. If you and patrol car numbers, which agency the officers were from, and Write down everything you remember, including officers' badge

.nsiw uoy fi ylsuomynons or civilian complaint board. In most cases, you can file a complaint Hile a written complaint with the agency's internal attairs division

YOUR RIGHTS

immediately.

that right, say so out loud.

have constitutional rights.

Do stay calm and be polite.

· Do not lie or give false documents.

your rights have been violated.

This information is not intended as legal advice. This brochure is available in English and Spanish /

· Do not interfere with or obstruct the police.

· Do remember the details of the encounter.

Esta tarjeta también se puede obtener en inglés y español.

Produced by the American Civil Liberties Union 6/10

YOUR RESPONSIBILITIES

your car or your home.

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:Jaywer,

on your immigration status.

listen if you call a lawyer.

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Special considerations for non-citizens:

anything or make any decisions without a lawyer.

Do not resist arrest, even if you believe the arrest is unfair.

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